THE DAY IN LONDON.

(Continued from first page.)

exulting over their escape, that burst from the throats of American sailors about to die. That is the feeling which led the Chief Magistrate of our country to send me here, accompanied by an Admiral on his flagship, and by the General of our Army, to bear from him a letter to Her Royal and Imperial Majesty.

"The President especially wishes Her Majesty to believe that nothing can ever permit our Government or our people to forget that at a critical period in the history of the United States the preservation of peace between the two nations was largely due to the gracious influence exerted by the Queen with the aid of the lamented Prince Consort."

Mr. Terreli, proposing "The Day We Cele-

Prince Consort."
Mr. Terrell, proposing "The Day We Celebrate," said that no man could fully appreciate what it meant to be an American until he had dwelt away from home as he (the speaker) had

in the midst of a semi-barbaric race.

The Rev. Dr. Milburn, chaplain of the United States Senate, made an effective response to

this toast.

Bishop Dudley, proposing "The Community of English-speaking Peoples," expressed his regret that the Senate had rejected the Arbitration Treaty, which he described as "the greatest step ever taken toward international peace and goodwill."

Society in London last night, "The Daily News"

"It is a pleasant reflection that some of the most eloquent, generous and genial references yet made during the Jubilee festivities have emanated from Americans."

AMERICANS CELEBRATE IN PARIS. AN INDEPENDENCE DAY BANQUET AT THE GRAND HOTEL.

Paris, July 5.-The American Chamber of Comerce gave its fourth independence Day banquet the Grand Hotel this evening. Covers were laid for five hundred and the company included many women. Among the guests were M. Ribot, former Premier; M. Decrais, who represented M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister, who was pable to attend; Chauncey M. Depew and M. H. Young, who formally presented General Horac-Young, who formally presented General Forace rier, the American Ambassador. Ambassador rier presided. Dr. Tyng, president of the amber, who briefly sketched General Porter's reer, said that the flattering reception which a been extended to the new Ambassador by the ench nation and Government was a happy

Porter delighted the company with an witty speech, in the course of which he as President McKinley's forefathers de by side with Lafayette, the President but continue to cherish a feeling of toward France.

""" als presented the apologies and regrets of taux, and expressed the hope that the

de toward de la control de la

ommerce, would put a large quantity of French titleles on the free list.

I Ribot, Mr. De Young and Mr. Depew made peeches that were loudly applauded.

Municipal Guards in full uniform constituted a ward of honor and the music was furnished by a rench regimental hand.

Mr. Depew addressed himself to the old-time ourth of July and contrasted it with the wonderal gathering before hin. He said he did not beeve that the day could be celebrated in the United states with more enthusiasm than it had been by the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris.

Mr. De Young responded with a special toast to be Paris Exposition of 1929. He hoped that the lovernment of the United States would make a perseen ration in Paris of the resources of Amera which would be a fitting response to the contribution made by France at the World's Fair, at hicago.

hicago.

Henry Peartres, vice-president of the Chamber, hen proposing a vote of thanks to Ambassador orter for presiding at the banquet, said that on is recent visit to the United States he had been saured of the intention of the Government to all his recent visit to the United States he had been assured of the intention of the Government to all in every feasible way in the development of the American section of the Exposition, and that, after a short interval, proper provision would be made to that end

HILL SPEAKS IN OSWEGO. HE DENOUNCES THE PERNICIOUS ACTIVITY OF

DEMAGOGUES.

Oswego, N. Y., July 5.-Ex-Senator David B. Hill made a Fourth of July address here to-day, part of which follows:

I have no panacea to present to you for all the ills which pertain to our body politic. The country is already surfeited with the prescriptions of a peculiar class of political physicians who always diligently seek to impose their nostrums upon you.

DISASTER CAUSED BY A ROMAN CANDLE. Macon, Mo., July 5 .- There was a disactrous ending to the Fourth of July celebration at Ethel, in this county. A misdirected Roman candle struck an immense package of explosives, which shot off in the midst of a big crowd attending the festivi-ties. Horses reared and plunged and tore through the crowd, knocking people down right and left the crowd, knocking people down right and left-many women fainted. Several people were struck by the flying fireworks, and wounds of various char-acters were inflicted. Miss king was hit in the thigh by a skyrocket, which tore its way through her limb, inflicting a probably fatal wound.

DEMOCRATS EXULT IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, July 5.-A celebration was held to-Washington, July 3.—A celegration was near to-day at the Grand Opera House, under the joint auspices of the National Association of Demo-cratic Clubs and the Democracy of the District of Columbia and contiguous sections. Patriotic ad-dresses were delivered by Senator John W. Daniel tesses were delivered by Senator John W. Daniel Virginia, and Joseph C. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, hort speeches were made by members of Congress al others representing the original infrience States, the Declaration of Independence was read by Antew A. Lipscomb, as was also the last letter fitten by Thomas Jefferson, expressing regret lat he was unable to attend the Independence ay celebration in this city seventy-one years ago, esolutions were adopted denouncing the Dingley B. demanding the free and unlimited colmage of the gold and silver at 18 to 1, and cailing for the mediate recognition of the belligerent rights of e Cuban people.

STARS AND STRIPES FLY IN ROME.

Rome, July 5-General William F. Draper, the erican Ambassador to Italy, gave an Independence Day reception to-day in the winter garden of Grand Hotel. All the leading members of the American colony in Rome were present, as were also the British Ambussador and the Colombian Minister to the Quirinal, Monsignor O'Connel, the Archbishop of Santa Fe, and other distinguished persons.

Throughout the day the Stars and Stripes floated over the Grand Hotel, the American Empires and the residences of all Americans.

INDEPENDENCE DAY IN HAVANA.

Havana, July 5.-The exclusion of American newspaper correspondents from the Fourth of July celebrations over which Consul-General Lee presided at the United States Consulate is commented upon in local Spanish circles. It is also remarkable that no Spanish official was invited to be present and that the guests included no member of the Spanish Conservative party.

THE FOURTH AT THE STATE CAMP. State Camp. Peekskin, N. Y., July 5.—The celebration of the Fourth in the State camp was practi-cally limited to the firing of the salute of fortyfive guns at noon. At 7 o'clock to-night General Tillinghast reviewed the troops, Eight hundred vis-liors came up from New-York to see their friends in camp. The larger portion of these came on the excursion of Company B. There were six prostra-tions from the heat during the day. None of them is serious. Company B's baseball team was beaten this afternoon by the team of the Troy company. The score was 18 to 9.

SOLDIERS' MONUMENT AT RICHFIELD.

Richfield Springs, N. Y., July 5.-The handsome granite Soldiers and Sallors' Monument presented to the town of Richfield by T. R. Proctor, was dedicated with appropriate peremonies to-day. A parade, including the 2d Separate Company, of Onerade, including the 2d Separate Company, of Oneonta and vererans from Rishfield Utica, Cooperstown, Hartwick, New-York Mills and this village
and Waterville, preceded the unveiling. Mayor
William L. Strong of New-York presided. Mr.
Proctor made an appropriate presentation speech,
and the monument was accepted by L. S. Henry.
Colonel Albert D. Shaw, Grand Commander of the
G.A. R., accepted the monument in behalf of the
State organization. The main address of the day

was made by General James R. O'Beirne, Commis-sioner of Charities of New-York.

MR. BAYARD IN PHILADELPHIA. HE GLORIFIES THE RELATIONS OF ENGLAND AND

AMERICA, AND PLEADS FOR A SOUND CURRENCY.

Philadelphia, July 5.-The Fourth of July celebration to-day in front of Independence Hall was under the auspices of the Society of the War of 1812 of Pennsylvania. Thomas F. Bayard, ex-Am-bassador to England, was the orator of the day. In his address he said: "Never was the Declaration of American Independence in 1776 so justified before God and man as it is by the relations and condition of the two English-speaking nations which exist to-day. Never was the United States sources, never so grandly independent. And never was the empire of Great Britain so mighty, so strong in all the constituents of civilized power.

was the empire of Great Britain so mighty, so strong in all the constituents of civilized power. And, thanks be to God, never were the international relations between the people of the two countries in a clearer atmosphere of unmistakable mutual good understanding and more free from ignorant suspicion or hostile intent than on this one hundred and twenty-first anniversary of American independence.

In closing, Mr. Bayard said:

"Derangement of the currency of a country is like unto poisoning of the life blood of a man, and no greater danger can await us. A disordered currency will confuse and demoralize every transaction in life, great and small, from the payment of the daily wages of labor to the financial arrangements to carry out the vastest enterprise. No contract can be safely agreed upon, and no business can be safely conducted under it, and no fabric of the savings of industry or accumulations of capital can be built upon it or prosper in its company. To embark the business and contracts of a country upon a currency which is not firmly anchored upon a stable standard and measure of value is to insure ruin and disaster to every member of society. No elections are now pending, but the time for decision approaches with inevitable certainty, and from a full heart, and in all earnestness and sincere affection, I conjure my fellow-countrymen, casting aside all other differences of opinion, to reject the nostrum and delusions of those remedies which in seasons of popular discress or excitement induce the foolish and implous belief in the power of any Government to create values by statute."

HENRY WATTERSON SPEAKS IN ITHACA. Ithaca, N. Y., July 5 .- Even after the great reception to the Cornell crews on Saturday night. Ithaca had plenty of enthusiasm for a rousing Fourth of July celebration to-day. Special trains brought thousands of people from Cortland, Geneva, Auburn, Elmira, Trumansburg and the towns of Tompkins and adjoining countles. The city was decorated with the National colors and with the red-and-white of Cornell. At 11 o'clock, in Dewitt Park, Colonel Henry Watterson, of Louisville, delivered the oration of the day on "Abraham Lincoin." This evening there was a display of fireworks on Cornell's athletic field, including pieces representing Courtney and the Cornell crew.

A CELEBRATION AT TUXEDO.

MANY FEATURES TO INTEREST THE PEO-PLE THERE-BEAUTIFUL SCENES AT NIGHT.

Tuxedo Park had a Fourth-of-July celebration yesterday all its own. The weather in the park was hot, but that did not interfere with the programme arranged for the celebration of Independence Day. Last night there were a large num-ber of dinner parties given in the clubhouse and cottages. Mr. Monroe with some other subscribers gave a large entertainment in the dining-room of the clubhouse. The weather at Tuxedo was rather hot for the athletic sports, in which the participants were the employes of the club, but there was a splendid attendance, and the young men who belong to the bicycle club did some clever work, and succeeded in winning the money prize offered by W. Rhinelander Stewart. There were dso some clever sailing races, barge races, and the most amusing of all was an obstacle race, ch took place in the afternoon. The chairman of the games was Grenville Kane, who was as sisted by Mr. Crockett. All the cottage people and those staying at the club turned out bright and early in the morning, and remained long after luncheon to watch the fun and encourage the contestants.

Among the lookers-on were Mrs. Grenville Kane, ills which pertain to our tase, is already surfeited with the prescriptions of peculiar class of political physicians who always diligently seek to impose their nostrums upon you, alds, jr., Mr. and Mrs. W. Pierson Hambert alds, jr., Mr. and Mrs. William B. Dinsmore, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Edward Main Post, Mr. and Mrs. A learned divine, whose position is so high in one of our great churches that I am reluctant to ever that he must be thirsting for notoriety, recently created a sensation by advocating the prohibition of labor-saving machinery as the means of benefiting the condition of workingmen. It is sufficient to say that a moments reflection stamps the project as impracticable and unreasonable, even if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained. It is a scheme which violates if not rattle-brained in the prohibition of labor-saving machinery as the means of benefiting the condition of machine. It is a scheme which violates Mr. and Mrs. W. Rhinelander Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Pell, Mr. and Mrs. P. Lorillard Ron-alds, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. W. Pierson Hamilton, Mr. the spirit of our free institutions, restricts the personal liberty of the citizen. It is in such times as these that demagogues thrive; it is in just such times that they should be shunned. They can lead men astray, but they cannot correct a single real or imaginary grievance under which men suffer. There is too much demagorism abroad in the land; there is too much demagorism abroad in the land; there is too much false dectrine taught pertaining to government of the spirit of Socialism and all that it implies including communistic and chimerical schemes for a "social democracy," so-called; there is too much toleration of disrespect for courts and constituted authorities; there is too much clamor for class legislation; the class in the class of the class demagor for class legislation; the class in the class of the John W. Wilkie, H. Windsor Thayer, Henry H. Crocker, Frederic Ladowe, Thomas Stokes, who has taken a lease of Mrs. Morris H. Henry's cottage; Mrs. George Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Leroy, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler N. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Casimir di Rham and Mr. and Mrs. Von Der Muhll.

and Mrs. Von Der Muhll.

Last night a subscription dinner was given at the clubhouse by several cottagers, prominent among whom was H. W. Monroe, and besides this the clubhouse by several cottagers, promenent among whom was H. W. Monroe, and besides this there were thirty other dinner parties given by guests stopping at the clubhouse. A feature of the afternoon and evening was the playing of the brass band stationed on the lawn, conducted by Dr. Lee Sommers. The most interesting feature of the day's celebration, and the like of which has not been seen at Tuxedo for three or four years, came very late last night. It was a Venetian water parade, and it was a credit to those who arranged it, conspicuous among whom was Captain Frank Moran, who nearly lost his finger in the decoration of one of the boats. The so-called nautical parade or lake fete was rather late in forming, and it was after midnight before Charles B. Alexander's prize for the best-dressed boat was awarded. Among the boats in the parade, which were accompanted in the circle about the lake by a boatload of musicians, were a fin-keel boat, the masts decorated with small red candie-lamps, owned by Richard Delnifield; a large barge, illuminated with colored lights, owned by Pierre Lorillard, ir, a gondola, lighted by electricity, owned by Dr. Jansway, a small craft, illuminated by gras, owned by Edson J. Bradley; a barse, illuminated by bright colored lamps, owned by Grenville Kane, and an Adirondack boat, illuminated from stem to stern with pink and white lights, entered by Mrs. Addition Cammack. Among the other boats in the parade were those entered by Charles B. Alexander, a St. Lawrence barge; George Rutledge Gibson, a St. Lawrence barge; H. Frelerick Foster, a St. Lawrence barge; H. Frelerick Foster, a St. Lawrence barge; W. Y. Clark, ir., a canoe; Peter Marie, a carboat; Fernando Yzmaga, a canoe; Mrs. James Brown Lord, an Adirondack boat, and W. Ethinelander Stewart, a St. Lawrence boat, if the parade were abbaze with fire, and never was Tuxedo Park arrayed in a more heautiful and picturesque garb than it was last might. The scens toward midnight was indescribably beautiful, and for hours the Bengal lights

BANQUET TO LAURIER.

Montreal, July 5.—The Board of Trade will tender a banquet to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on his return.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED IN HAMPTON, VA.

Newport News, Va., July 5.-Between the hours of 2 and 3 this morning the postoffice at Hampton was entered and about \$1,000 in cash and stamps len. Dynamite was used to blow open the safe, noise, which was distinctly heard by several sons, sounded scarcely louder than the explosion freerackers which were being sent off at the e. There is no clew to the robbers.

BATHERS DROWNED IN LAKE MICHIGAN. Chicago, July 5.-Eight people were drowned in Lake Michigan yesterday while bathing at various

points along the beach. The dead are F. R. Cummings, Harry Nelson, E. A. Rider, sixteen years old; John Sodeman, James Sullivan, John Sprawka, George Wall, aged nineteen, and an unidentified

FLINT-GLASS WORKERS' CONVENTION. Pittsburg, July 5.-The twentieth annual convention of the American Flint-Glass Workers' Union began here at 19 o'clock this morning, with about 150 delegates, representing local unions in a dozen States and Canada, in attendance. To-day's session was short, and an adjournment until to-morrow was taken after a temporary organization had been ef-

taken after a temporary organization had been effected, so that the delegates could participate in the Independence Day celebration in Pittsburg.

The actual business of the convention will begin to-morrow morning, when thirteen branches of the glass trade will be represented. William J. Smith, of Pittsburg, the National president since 1884, will preside. Among the matters of importance to come up is the annual election of officers, reports of the grievance committees, the question of the abolition of the annual convention, the manufacturers' demand for a 10 per cent advance in the chimney moves, the continuation of the unlimited move system, in the pressed branch, and other technical matters. A picnic, boat ride and banquet are features of amusement which have been planned. fear of a reception like that given to Cleveland and Belmont was ex-Secretary Olney's. The Wis-

A GREWSOME CELEBRATION.

TAMMANY'S BLOW-OUT A WEAK AFFAIR.

CLEVELAND'S NAME HISSED AND BRYAN'S GREETED WITH ENTHUSIASM, MUCH TO SHEEHAN'S DISCOMFITURE-HILL'S

LETTER NOT READ.

Tammany's celebration of the glorious Fourth yesterday was a grewsome affair compared with the celebrations of the days when Richard Croker ruled terday was a grewsome affair compared with the celebrations of the days when Richard Croker ruled the city, and champagne, three-star Hennessey and all the delicacies of the season were served up to appease the appetities of the faithful. The faithful knew that this year none of the fine things in the way of refreshments which used to make the tables groan were forthcoming for the July 4 of 1887. For this reason they either stayed away and left the big hall half unoccupied, or they came crusty, disappointed and ugly. They remembered that a few who, like Richard Croker, had profited by the municipal victories of Tammany in the past were spending their political gains in far-off England among the princes and noblemen of the realm, alding to make the Jubilee season of the Queen the greatest triumph the British Crown had known, while the voters, whose hard Croker, had profited by the made this layish exwork in the "deestricks" had made this lavish ex-penditure possible, were sitting in Tammany Hall, in semi-starvation and absolute drouth.

HISSES FOR THE EX-PRESIDENT. In place of that generous feeling which accompanied the possession of good things which follow victory, there were hate and discontent. This was particularly displayed when the first "long talker," Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, referred in his speed to President Cleveland. A multitude of nasty hisses greeted the name of the only Democratic President the country has seen in almost forty years, warning the Tammany management what was in store for any other "gold bug" whom they might be

presumptuous enough to exploit.

Tammany's game was to make this Independence Day celebration as colorless as it was possible Local issues were to be pushed to the front, in the hope of a capture of the Greater New-York municipal administration, while everything relating t ported from Washington had received minute in spite of careful coaching bestowed upon them by Colonel George B. McClellan and John C. Sheehan some of them broke loose. This was notably the case with John M. Quinn, of Montana, the publisher of "The Butte Miner," the organ of the silver cor-porations of that section. Mr. Quinn talked a good while in an uncertain way about true Jeffersonian and Jacksonian Democracy, but he afterward slipped his tether long enough to eulogize Tammany Hall as the Democratic organization of New-York City possessed of the sterling stuff to declare for the platform. One war-whoop in token of Tammany's adherence to Bryanism was not enough. It wa repeated again and again, until the managers is charge of the shouting in the body of the hall feared

WHEN SHEERAN WAS DISGUSTED.

One of the amusing features of the meeting wa face of John C. Steehan, "Croker's allen deput ment by the secretary of Mr. Bryan's name was building. It was notice to Mr. Sheehan that his colorless campaign on local issues was a full ure-that the rough-and-tumble element he mus deal with wanted a dash of free silver and anarch and Bryanism in the campaign-otherwise hoboes of Tammany could not be counted on t support the Wigwam nominations. A deep and dark scowl suffused the leader's face as the cheers for Bryan resounded through the hall. braves continued to whoop, a faint, unbidden smilmight have been observed flickering around Mr Sheehan's mustache, but it had nothing in it that was responsive to the cheers he heard. He knew that they were defiant, and were meant to tell him that the Bryanite end of Tammany must be recognized in the coming campaign, otherwise the Wig wam would be split wide open.

HILL'S LETTER NOT READ.

Another significant occurrence yesterday was the disposition made of letters from prominent Democrats, which have in past years been received and read with hilarious éciat. One of these came from David B. Hill. On every recurring Fourth of Jul up to the present celebration a shout followed Mr. McGoldrick's mention of Mr. Hill's name. It always began the moment the secretary called out the name of "Wolfert's Roost," and every sentiment of the "great leader" met with yells of satisfaction and delight. There was none of this yesnot even printed for the press in the batch of re plies received by Tammany Society to invitation to be present at the alleged feativity.

Ex-Police Justice Thomas L. Feitner presided as

Grand Sachem, wearing his high silk hat.

After the reading of the Declaration of Inde-

pendence by Justice Wauhope Lynn, James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, the first talker, did his best to adhere to the rule to say nothing that might stir up anything in the Bryan and free-silver line. But he got away from his tutors a little when

line. But he got away from his tutors a little when he said:

When the bugle sounds and the battle-cry is given, with such an intrepid leader as William Jeanings Bryan, the apostie of liberty and the friend of the masses, and with Tammany in the saidle, that old party, like all its predecessors, will be discloded from place and power and will be buried away in the tomb to sieep the sieep of the unjust and the unrighteous. The country will not then have to wait for even the advance agent of prosperity to arrive, but will begin at once the long march of prosperity unparalleled in its history. Under the benign dominion and equal rule of the Democratic party, we can look forward to a full realization of the fondest and most extravagant hopes of Washington and Jefferson and all the early patriots.

It was the mention of Mr. Bryan by Mr. Richardson and the cheers which it evoked that made Mr. Sheehan look so much distressed.

MR. CLEVELAND'S LETTER.

Then Secretary McGoldrick cleared his throat and read a lot of letters. The first was from Grover Cleveland, of Princeton. There was little

Grover Cleveland, of Princeton. There was little in it, but, as already said, it was hissed from start to finish. It was as follows:

Westland, Princeton, N. J., June 14, 1897.

John C. Shechan.

Dear Sir: I desire to acknowledge, with thanks, an invitation to attend the celebration by the Tammany Society of the one hundred and twenty-first anniversary of American independence.

My engagements will not permit me to be present on this interesting occasion, but I hope its significance will pre-eminently consist in a clear and emphatic announcement of the principles and beliefs which accord with the best and most thoughtful sentiments and opinions of our countryment. Yours very truly, GROVER CLEVELAND.

BRYAN'S REGRETS.

Something like the old rebel yell was the response which Mr. McGoldrick got when he began this letter from William J. Bryan, and it was

sponse which Mr. McGoldrick got when he began this letter from William J. Bryan, and it was whoop and hurrah all the way through:

Lincoln, Neb., June 18, 187.

Dear Sir: I regret that an engagement made several weeks ago will render it impossible for the to foin with the Tammany Society in celebrating the one hundred and twenty-first anniversary of the former occasion, commended the founders of your society for making provided in the constitution of the former occasion of the first anniversary of the first ann

interfected by Mr. Sheehan for its effect on the coming election, and does not appear in the orig-inal letter sent by Mr. Bryan.

Ex-Congressman Perry Belmont, who Ex-Congressman Perry Bermont, who once thought he would like to be Governor and declared for sound money, sent a cable message from Paris, dated June 25. It received almost as many hisses as Mr. Cleveland's letter.

Among the responses which were not read for

forgotten all about the "oppressive restrictions" of that law. They neglected to "holler." Congressman James Hamilton Lewis, of Wash-ington, made a humorous speech. He is a man with long hair and long whiskers, and he spoke of him-

WHAT THE TALKERS TALKED.

Henry St. George Tucker, of Virginia, tried to ex-

cite applause by holding up his right hand and saying that it (the hand) had drafted the bill to

repeal the Federal Election law, thus relieving Tam-

many of the oppressive restrictions of "Johnny" Davenport. The "boys" present seemed to have

Arbitration Treaty with England.

A FLAG GIVEN TO A SCHOOL.

John A. Rawlins Post, G. A. R., presented a silk American flag to the St. Jerome Parochial Schools on the St. Jerome lawn, One-hundred-and thirty-eighth-st. and Alexander-ave., at 11 o'clock post was delivered by Master Joseph Walsh, the Peclaration of Independence was read by Master John Kelly, ex-Postmaster Dayton made the presentation speech and the response was delivered by the Rev. Dr. D. J. McMahon. Among those on the platform were James L. Wells, Colonel Frederick Shilling. Charles Bassford, ex-Assistant Distriction of the post, James J. Butler, and Adjutant John E. Kerwin. An elaborate musical programme was carried out. yesterday morning. The address of welcome to the

THE LETTER CARRIERS' PICNIC. The letter carriers held their anual picule and games at Sulzer's Park yesterday. This affair is for the benefit of the sick and death fund. The attendance was large. The Committee of Arrangement was: Russell Wily, Ernest Ecke, Charles F. McCarty, Charles Doui, James F. Smith, William J. Leonard and Louis Duval. M. A. Cummings of the Bay Ridge Athletic Club acted as referee for the games; the judges of the finish were A. J. Gundermen, N. Sac and George Sutton of the N. Y. C. A. C.; timekeepers, W. Thompson, N. Y. C. A. C.; waiter Dieges, T. A. C.; S. Sesserburg, Staten Island Club; judges of the course, J. C. Coyle, T. A. C.; assistant, John Ganeray, St. George, A. C.; Charles Hall, N. Y. A. C.; scorers, John Burns, W. T. A. C.; M. W. Chares, N. Y. C. A. C.; inspectors, James Brand, Brooklyn, A. C.; Richard Hardy, Brooklyn, A. C.; M. Liebgold, T. A. C.; M. A. Hohenstelb, T. A. C.; starter and manager, S. D. See; handleapper, J. J. Dunn. the Bay Ridge Athletic Club acted as referee for

FUNERAL OF MISS MILLER.

SERVICES IN ST. ALBAN'S CHURCH, LONDON-THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE OF SYMPATHY.

London, July 5.-The funeral of Miss He'en Miller, daughter of Rear-Admiral J. N. Miller, United States Navy, who died from typhoid fever on Saturday last, took place to-day at St. Alban's Church, in the Holborn district of London. The United States Ambassador, Colonel John Hay, Mrs. Hay, the United States Special Ambassador, Whitelaw Reid, and Mrs. Reid, all the staff of the United States Embassy, ex-Governor Levi P. Morton and Mrs. Morton, and Creighton Webb were present. Bishop Potter of New-York officiated.

By the Queen's directions the following telegram has been sent to Colonel Parr, the Queen's Equarry who has been in attendance upon the United States Special Ambassador, Whitelaw Reid, during the bilee celebrations:

The Queen begs that you will convey to Admiral filler the expression of her sympathy and regret t the loss of his daughter under such pecultarly ad circumstances.

BIGGE. Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Arthur John Bigge, K. B., is the private secretary to Her Majesty.

The United States cruiser Brooklyn will sail from Southampton for home to-morrow, with Admiral Washington, July 5.-Secretary Long has cabled to Admiral Milier, at Southampton, permission to

place the body of his daughter, who died last week in London, aboard the United States steamer Brooklyn, and bring it to the United States, VALUABLE ORE NEAR BIRMINGHAM.

AN IMPORTANT FIND THAT WILL AFFECT THE PRICE OF IRON.

Birmingham, Ala., July 5 (Special) .- A large lead Birmingham, Ala., July 5 (Special).—A large leads of brown hematite ore has been discovered at Leeds, twenty miles from Birmingham. It is ten feet thick and thirty to forty feet high. The lead has been thirty to forty feet high. The lead has been thirty to forty feet high. The lead has been thirty to forty feet high. The lead has been thirty to forty feet high. The lead has been contained by the feet high the feet of the lead has been the feet high. The lead has been the feet high the fe and thirty to forty feet high. The lead has been Sloss Iron and Steel Company and the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, and has been found to be uniform, where it was before thought to be only in small pockets mixed with other sub-stances. Experts think the vein reaches to Rome, Ga. The ore analyzes in some places as high at 65 ad and examined for miles on the la ances. Experts think the vein reaches to Rome, a. The ore analyzes in some places as high at er cent, and is unlimited in quantity. Its superior thress to the Alabama common red ore will, it believed, reduce the price of iron, making at ast 25 cents per ton difference.

A MORMON CHURCH BURNED.

STRANGE EXHIBITION OF CHRISTIAN SPIRIT IN SOUTH CAROLINA,

Columbia, S. C., July 5 (Special).-The only pretentious Mormon church in South Carolina, ten miles from Winnesboro, Fairfield County, was burned by a party of men last night. The Morburned by a party of men last night. The Mormons have been making many converts in that section recently, both among the white farmers and the Catavba Inclans. They recently built a church. This demonstration of strength was followed by further accessions to the congregation. While the church was being built the people worshipped under an arbor made of bushes.

Yesterday, the church being completed, the quarterly conference was held there. A dozen elders and more than a hundred converts were present, among them being a scattering of Indians. This celebration aroused the Methodists and Baptisss in the neighborhood. The affair was alluded to in local pulpits, and the feeling against the Mormons quickly became intensified. It was arranged to burn the church at midnight.

The Mormons were unsuspecting and the building was unguarded. Fire was applied in many places, and the structure was entirely consumed. To-day, when the outrage became known, there was a reaction. Subscriptions were opened by Christians for a rebuilding fund. The Mormons were carraged, the newest converts being among the most incensed. The old chiers took the matter more quietly, saying that they would immediately construct a larger and handsomer church.

MUSIC IN THE ROOF GARDEN.

For the concert of the Metropolitan Permanent Orchestra, at the Madison Square Roof Garden this evening, the following programme is announced:



was fair and hot. The temperature ranged between 7 and 85 degrees, the average (80% degrees) being 2% degrees higher than that of Sunday and % of a degree higher than that of the corresponding day of last year.

The weather to-day will be showery.

wam directors remembered that Mr. Olney, as Cleveland's Secretary of State, had engineered the REFORMING THE FOURTH.

G. WASHINGTON STARR AND HIS THEORY.

DISCOURAGING EXPERIMENTS IN SUBSTITUTING

HISTORICAL STUDY FOR AMMUNITION. This is the story of the saddening effects of the Fourth of July on a man who thought that he knew more than his fellow-citizens. Its moral will be plain to the careful reader, but as some readers of newspapers are not careful, and as the true newspaper should or all things to all men, it may be as well to set forth the moral clearly at the start. The moral is that institutions long and firmly established may be in the nature of buzzsaws, inasmuch as it is not altogether desirable to try to check them with the single, naked hand

G. Washington Starr had a theory. It was not

new, but G. Washington Starr differed from other

holders of it in his effort to put it into practice The theory may best be set forth in his own words, as nearly as they can be recalled: "The way we celebrate the Fourth of July is all nonsense." "we," Mr. Starr meant the Nation in general; he was not in the habit himself of celebrating the Fourth in the way to which he objected.) "There is no real patriotism about it. All this gunpowder and noise and annoyance of quiet people means nothing but wanton fun for boys who ought to be taught better, because the people who make all the noise never think at all what the day means. If they stopped to think of the true significance of the day, and what it stands for in the history of the country and of civilization, then there might be some sense in their burning powder, but if are they would decide to observe the day in some more fitting and dignified manner. Now, only think, if all the money that is burned up in the form of gunpowder on every Fourth of July could be given to the poor, there would be less complaints about hard"-

At this point even Mrs. Starrr usually tried to change the subject, while Georgie always made up his mind that it would be better to defer asking for the money that he hoped to get for the Fourth till his father should be feeling in a different mood.

FIELD—On Second day, Seventh month, fifth, Mary 6, widow of Henry C. Field. But Mr. Starr was not a simple growler, who wanted no observance of the day at all. He wanted it observed in a way that should preserve its meaning. He wanted everybody on that day to think of the beginning of the great Nation and of what the Nation represented among the peoples of the Interment at Casemoria on Wednesday, earth. So he bought Georgie "The Primer of Political Hoadstand" on July 5, John Slater Hoagland, in his ical Science for Young Americans." It had the Declaration of Independence in it, and the Constition of the United States, and a perfectly impartial chapter on monometallism and bimetallism, and some other things. He told Georgie that if he read it through twice he would then be qualified to cele-Last Saturday Mrs. Starr and the children went

out of town, intending to stay till this morning. Mrs. Starr said that she wanted to get over the Fourth in a quiet place and Mr. Starr said that the fields and the hills and the rivers were the true scenes to inspire patriotism, and that it would be

Mr. Starr stayed in town, He is a man of habits, and he hates travelling and having his meals in Sunday alone, and was awakened early yesterday morning by the noises in the street. He had ex-pected that, and he did not let it worry him. As observe the Fourth in his own way. First, he read the Declaration of Independence through. Ha wished that Georgie were with him so that he could read it to him and talk with him about it and note how its ringing defiance of tyranny affected the fresh young mind.

Then a bright idea struck him. Georgie doubt at this very minute reading the Declaration of Independence himself, but there were other enough to buy them "The Primer of Political Science for Young Americans." Other boys! Bless him, the street was full of them. He went to the door and looked out. One of them was just squatting on the curb, placing an old tin pan over half a bunch of firecrackers and holding a match to the fuse. He had two more bunches of crackers

the fuse. He had two more bunches of crackers in his hand. Mr. Starr called to him. "My fooy," he said, as the boy sidied up, "Do you know what It is that you are celebrating?"
"Rats:" said the boy.
"I mean, do you understand why we feel so happy on this day? I mean—what are you doing with those fire-crackers?—That is what I mean."
"I sin't doin' nothin' with 'em. They's my crackers. I got a right to do what I want to with 'em; you ain't got no right to stop me."
"Yes, yes, I know; but why do you"—"Ah, rats!" said the boy again, and he stayed to say no more.

cheerfuily, "and I'll give a dollar to the one who can tell me what you are celebrating to-day for."
The boys stopped and looked at him suspiciously. "Ah, come on Cuily," said one of them; "let's put caps on the car track."

"Ah. come on in." said the other; "maybe de guy il give us semething."
They came in timidity, and Mr. Starr made them sit down. "Now, boys," he said, "which of you can tell me what we are celebrating to-day?"
"You tell him, Hen," said Cully.
Hen hesitated. Then he had an inspiration and said: "It's George Washingon or somethin."
"Did you ever hear of the Declaration of Independence," "Mr. Starr asked.
"Huh?"
"The Declaration of Independence,"
"Oh, yes; I heard of that," said Cully.
"Very good; what is it?"
"I dunno." hear the supposed speech of John

dunno.
id you ever hear the supposed speech of John

Adams?"

Naw.

Then I will read some of it to you, and then you will know more about the Fourth of July."

Mr. Starr began reading the speech, and the boys fliggeted. "The war, then, must go on. We must fight it through. And if the war mist go on, why put off longer the declaration of independence." Now, boys, what is it that we are celebrating?"

Hen caught at the sound of the last words. "The Declamation of Dependence," he answered.

"Ah, cheese it, Hen." said Cully, "that was only what the feller supposed."

"What do you mean?" said Mr. Starr.

"Didn' yer say it was the feller's supposed speech, boss?"

Mr. Starr hurried on with the speech. "We

speech, boss?"
Mr. Starr hurried on with the speech. "'We shall make this a glorious, an immortal, day. When we are in our graves our children will honor it. They will celebrate it with tharksgivings, with festivity, with bonfires and "—"Ah, say, Hen, I know where there's a boss lot of stuff for a fire; you come out to-night, and I'll show yet."

Yours lovingly.

"Oh, well: I don't suppose we can change things,"
said Mr. Starr.

"I don't suppose you can," said Mr. Spangle.

MARRIED. BRIGGS-BARTON-In Brooklyn, N. Y., July 2 1897, by the Rev. Wm. W. Bellinger, Lydia R. Barton, to William C. Berges.

D'ERLANGER-AMIDET-On June 19, 1897, at the oratory. Brompton, London, by His Eminence Cardinal Vaughan, Baron Rodolphe d'Erlanger to Elisabetta Barbiellini Amidei, only daughter of Count Barbiellini Amidei, of Rome.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be in-orsed with full name and address.

DIED. PAWDEN-At her residence in this city, July 4, 1807, Flizabeth Bawden, widow of Issae Bawden, in her Sist

Elizabeth Bawden, widow of Isaac Bawden, in her Sist year.

Funeral service at her lafe home, No. 344 West 27th-st.,

Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

Interment at the convenience of the family.

European papers please copy.

REAMWELL—At Fushing, L. L. on Sunday, July & Constance, youngest daughter of Joseph and Mary Bramwell.

Funeral from St. George's Church, Flushing, on Wednesday morning, at 10:30 o'clock.

European papers please copy.

BEOWNE—At No. 161 Wainut—st., Montclair, N. J., on July 4, Margaret Hyde, without of Captain George W.

Browne,

Funeral services on Tuesday, at 2:30 p. m., at her late

Funeral services on Tuesday, at 2:30 p. m., at her late

Carriages will be waiting on arrival of 1:20 train from CATLIN-in this city, July 2, 1897, N. W. Stuyvesast

DE WITT-A: Stamford, N. Y., on Sunday, July 4. Andrew H. De Witt, Funeral services at St. Ann's Church, Clinton st., corner Livingston st., Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 6, at 3 o'clock,

GALLAGHER—At his home, No. 170 South Oxford-st., Brooklyn, on Monday, July 5, Rev. Mason Gallagher, D. D. Alyn, on Monday, July a, b, ses and friends and members of the Grant Post are ses and friends and members of the Grant Post are the fugeral services at the Church of

Gid year.
Funeral on Thursday July S. at 3:30 p. m., from his late residence, No. 174 Front-st., Homostead, Long Island.
Trains leave foot of 34th-st., East River, N. Y., 1:30 p. m.; Flathush-ave station, Brooklyn, 1:54 p. m.
LANGFORD—Subtenty, at Twilight Park, July 2, Rev.
William S. Langford, D. D.
Funeral services at Trinty Church, Bergen Point, N. L.

LLOYD—At Melkourne Australia, May 29, 1807, William H., eldest a.n of the Rev. William and Mary Lloyd.
Puneral services at the Central Congregational Church,
No. 375 West 57th st., on Wednesday, July 7, at 2:30

THOMAS—At Wickford, R. I. on July 5, 1897, Philander J. Thomas, in the 60th year of his age. J. Thomas, in the 98th year of his age.
Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Wickford, Thursday, July 8, at 12:30 o'clock
WHARTON—At Glens Falls, N. Y., on Seventh month, list, Mary Lovering, wire of Charles W. Wharton, and daughter of the late Joseph S. Lovering, of Philadelphia.

A .- The Kensico Cemetery .- Private station, Rar-lem Railread, 43 minutes ride from the Grand Central Depot. Office, 16 East 424-st.

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Eczema Psorinais. Salt Rheum pe

(Should be read (MALLY by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending July 10, 1807, will close (promptly in all cases) at the General Postofice as follows: follows: TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.
TUESDAY-At 6:30 a. m. for Ireland detters only).

follows:

TUEDAY—At 6:30 a. m. for Ireland detters only), per s. s. Servia, via Queenstown detters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per Servia"; at 6:3a m. for Europe, per s. "Havel, tha Pylandin and Bremen detters for Ireland must be directed "per Hacel"; WEDNESDAY—At 7 s. m. despolementary 8 a. m.) for Europe, per s. s. 5a. Prui, via Southampton, at 9 a. m. oupplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Europe, per s. s. formance, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Belgium directmance, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Belgium directmance, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Belgium directmance, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Belgium directmance, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Belgium directmance, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Belgium directmance, via Queenstown; at 7 m. for France Switzerland, Iraly, Spith, Portugal, Turkey Esynt and British India, per s. s. La Bretaxne via Havre detters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per La Retaxne"); at 5 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. obdam, via Rotterlam detters must be directed "per Obdam"); at a. m. for Genoa, per s. s. Fulida (cierce must be directed "per Fulida"); at 10 a. m. supplementary 11:20 a. m. j for Burape, per s. s. Strurla, via Queenstown.

PRINTED MATTER, ETC.—German steamers sailing on

a. m.) for Europe, per s. s. Farman, steamers sailing on Tuesdays take Printed Matter, etc., for Germany, and Specially Addressed Printed Matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. American and White Star steamers on Wednesdays, German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays take Printed Matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transatis Mails named above, additional supplementary mails Mails named above, additional supplementary Transatiantic opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

[ALLS] FOR SOURCE

ton, via Havana; at I p. m. isuppenentary 1.30 p. m. for St. Domingo and Turiks Island, per s. s. New-York.

THURSDAY—At 2:30 a. m. for Port Antonio, per steamer from Philadelphia; at 12:30 p. m. isupplementary I p. m.) for St. Thomas St. Croix, Leeward and Windward Islands, per s. s. Madiana Getters for Grenada, Trinidad and Tobasco must be directed 'ter Madiana', st. I p. m. for Trinidad and Cludad Hollvar direct, per s. s. Curenes, via Para, Maranham and Centa; at 7 p. m. for Newfoundland, per s. s. Shorida Greta; at 7 p. m. for Newfoundland, per s. s. Shorida direct, per s. s. Arkadia.

SATURDAY—At 10 a. m. isupplementary 10:30 a. m. for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Savianifia and Greytown, per s. s. Alleghany detters for Cesta Rica must be directed "per Alleghany"); at 10 a. m. isupplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Cape Haith, Gonalves, Petit Goave, AuxCayes and Jacmel, per s. s. Kitty, at 10 a. m. isupplementary 11 a. m.) for Central America (except Costa Rica) and South Pacific ports, per s. s. Allianca, via Colon detters for Guatznala must be directed "per Allanes"); at 10:30 a. m. for Champeche, Chiapas, Tahasee and Yucatan, per s. s. Vigiliancia detters for obey paris of Mexico and for Cuba must be directed per Vigilancia"; at 11 a. m. for Mexico, per s. a. Inianana, via Progress and Vera Cruz (etters must be directed "per Hainana"); at 10:30 p. m. for St. Pierre-Miquelon, per steamer from Narth Sydney.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston and themes by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 7 a. m., for forwarding by steamers sailing (Mondaya and Thursdays) from Port Tampa, Pis. Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 2:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. Halistered mail closes at 6 p. m. pervious day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Malls for China and Japan topecially addressed only), per s. s. Empress of China (from Vancouver), close here daily up to July 15, at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China, Japan and Hawail, per s. s. City of Peking (from San Francisco), close here daily up to July 11 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China, Japan and Hawail, per s. s. City of Peking (from San Francisco), close here daily up to July 11 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China, Japan and Francisco, close here daily up to July 11 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China are forwarded via Kurope). New-Zeeland, Hawaii, with are forced at 1 at 100 a. m. 11 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. tor on arrival at New-York of s. I Umerla with British mails for Australia). Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Victoria (from Taccupa), close here daily up to July 171 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except West Australia). Hawaii and Fiji Islands, per s. s. Mowers (from Vancouver), close here daily up to July 171 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Australia except West Australia, Hawaii and Fiji Islands, per s. s. Mowers (from Vancouver), close here daily up to July 171 at 0 up to August 1 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Australia except West Australia, Hawaii and Fiji Islands, per s. s. Mowers (from Vancouver), close here daily a ter July 171 and up to August 1 at 6:30

Catins.—In this city, July 2, Catins.
Funeral services at St. Mark's Church, 2d-ave. and 10thst., on Tuesday, July 6, at 10 a. m.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice.
Interment at Woodlawn.
Special train will leave Grand Central Depot at 11 a. m.
CLAPP—Entered into rest, at East Orange, N. J., on
Sunday, July 4, Oliver M. Clapp.
Funeral at 11 o'clock Tuesday at No. 10 Prospect Terrace, East Orange.
Interment at Lebauen Springs.
CUNNINGHAM—At East Orange, N. J., on Saturday.

CUNNINGHAM-At East Orange, N. J. on Saturday, July 3, of heart failure, Ida, wife of Joseph H. Cun-ningham ningham.
uneral services will be held at her late residence, No.
19 Chestnut-st., East Orange, on Tuesday, the 6th
inst., at 2 p. m.

ECK-Suddenly, on Sunday, July 4, at Glenwood, Md., Guldo Eck. FERGUSON—At Mount Vernon, N. Y. suddenly, on Sunday, July 4, Decadd Ferguson, aged 74 years. Funeral at the house, No. 316 South 4th-ave., on Tuesday, the 6th inst., at 4:20 o'clock. Burial at convenience of family.

invited to attend the funeral services at the Church the Reconclitation Nontrand and Jefferson avea, Tureday afternson at 4:50. Sterment at Casenvin on Wednesday.

William S, Langford, D. D.
Funeral services at Printty Thurch, Bergen Point, N. J.,
Tuesday, July 6, on arrival of 10 o'clock a. m. train
of New Jersey Central Railroad from foot of Libertyst., New-York, to West Shirst, station.
Interment at convenience of family.

Interment private.

SHOTWELL—At Orange, N. J., on the 4th inst., Joseph Dobson Shotwell, in the 68th year of his age.

Puneral services at his late residence, No. 82 Hillside—ave., Orange, or Wednesday, the fin inst., at 2 p. m. Carriages will meet D. L. and W. train leaving Earclayst., New-York, at 12:50 p. m., at Highland ave. states.

Special Notices.

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Portia; st 1 p. m. for Cuba, per s. s. City of Washington via Havana; at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1.30 p. m.)
for St. Domingo and Turks Island, per s. s. NewYork.

and Fiji Islands, per a. a. Minwers (from Vancouver), closs here daily a ter July 117 and up to August 2 at 120 per and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

Postoffice, New-York, N. Y., July 2, 1897.